

Introduction to Elie Wiesel’s Night Guided Notes

The Holocaust: Terms to Know

- Holocaust – _____
- Genocide – _____
- Anti-Semitism – _____
- Ghetto – _____
- Totalitarianism – _____
- SS – _____
- Aryan – _____
- Concentration Camp – _____
- Auschwitz – _____
- Birkenau – _____

Jewish Terms to Know

- Judaism – _____
- Talmud – _____
- Torah – _____
- Synagogue – _____
- Kaballah – _____
- Kaddish – _____

Timeline of Holocaust Events

1933

- _____ gains control of the _____ government.
- Nazi – The _____ Party
- The Nazis decree a _____

- The Nazis establish a _____ at _____, the first of many prison camps where they will confine

_____.

- Nazi laws remove _____ from _____ and _____, limit the number of Jews who can attend _____, remove Jews from German _____, and expel Jews from _____ (i.e. film, theatre, literature, music, journalism)

- =====
- Jewish _____ are outlawed.
 - Nazi laws require _____ of _____
- =====

1935

- The Nazi's _____ prohibit _____ and extramarital relations between _____, revoke the _____ and _____ of German Jews, and forbid Jew to _____.
- =====

1938

- Nazi laws require Jews to report their _____.
 - The Nazi _____ assumes control of all Jewish _____.
- =====

- Nazi laws forbid Jews to practice _____, and require Jews to carry special _____ at all times.
 - Jews were ordered to turn in their _____ so they can be _____.
- =====

- _____ - ("The Night of Broken Glass" November 9)
A _____ night of anti-Jewish _____, during which _____
Are burned, Jewish _____, Jewish _____,
And thousands of Jew _____.
- =====

- Nazi police arrest approximately _____ Jewish men for _____.
 - Deportation: _____
- =====

- Nazi laws ban Jewish _____, expel Jewish children from _____ and bar Jews from theatres, museums, and other _____.
- The Nazi government closes all _____ and prohibits further Jewish _____.
- The government imposes _____ on Jews to _____.

1939

- The Nazi _____ assumes control of all Jewish affairs.
- Gestapo - _____
- The Nazis establish detailed procedures for _____.
- Nazi Invasion of _____ (September 1): Nazi Einsatzgruppen (_____) follow the advanced _____ and _____ thousands of Poles, whom the Nazis regard as _____. Thousands more are _____ to Germany as _____ Or relocated within Poland to _____.

- Nazi forces round up approximately _____ Polish Jews and _____.
- Polish Jews are required to _____.
- In Germany, the Nazis initiate a _____ to kill _____ and _____ who are deemed incurable.

1940

- Nazi _____: Anti-Jewish policies are imposed in Nazi-occupied _____ and other European countries under Nazi domination.

1941

- Nazi _____ (June 22): Einsatzgruppen following the advancing army exterminate _____ and other _____; more than _____ are massacred.
- _____ camps with _____ for mass executions are constructed in Poland at _____, Chelmno, Belzec, Sobibor, Majdanek, and Treblinka.

- Nazi leaders, meeting in Wansee outside _____, adopt a policy of _____ as "_____".
- _____ of Jews from Nazi-occupied and Nazi-dominated countries across Europe to the _____ begins.

1945

- The Nazi’s extermination camps, concentration camps, and forced labor camps remain in operation until _____.

=====

Elie Wiesel: Author of _____

- Born in _____ In _____.
- Deported to _____ during _____.
- _____ killed; two _____.
- Survived _____, Buna, _____ and Gleiwitz.
- _____ in April 1945.

=====

- _____ : Published _____
- _____ - Appointed _____
(later renamed _____)
- 1985 – Awarded _____.
- 1986 – Awarded _____
- _____ - Died