

The Civil War Era (1850-1880) – (pgs. 334-338)

1. Explain the debate between Northerners and Southerners in regard to the new territory.
2. Explain how Senator Henry Clay appeased both North and the South.
3. What is the Fugitive Slave Act?
4. What is the Underground Railroad?
5. What famous novel did Harriet Beecher Stowe write?
6. What were the subjects of her novel? (*Interesting side note: Stowe was white*)
7. Explain Lincoln's view on slavery, in relation to the new territories.
8. What does "secede" mean?
9. Which state was the first to secede?
10. How many states were in the Confederacy at the beginning of the war?
11. Did Lincoln want to go to war? Write the sentence that proves your answer.
12. What event actually sparked the start of the war?
13. Which side was the stronger opponent at the beginning of the war? Why was this side stronger?
14. What is the 13th Amendment?
15. What is the Civil Rights Act?
16. What is the 14th Amendment?
17. Which group of people were somewhat overlooked during Reconstruction?
18. How was the new South similar to pre-Civil War South?

Resistance to Slavery – (p. 336)

19. Why was it made illegal to teach enslaved people to read and write?
20. What are two ways that slavery was different in the North? (Yes, in the North)
21. What are spirituals?
22. What common Biblical allusion is made in many of the spirituals?
23. What time of year was best for escape? Why?
24. According to Frederick Douglass, _____ was the key to _____.
25. What are two purposes of slave narratives?

A Nation Divided (p. 338)

26. How did the North view secession?
27. What was the South's view?
28. What is the Emancipation Proclamation?